

FREMONT JOURNAL.

EXTRA.

Monday Morning, 6 o'clock, May 6th, 1861.

Our telegraph Report was very meagre last night, but we publish all that we have received.

Subscribe for the Journal.

If you want a good paper, one that always contains the latest news, and gives a correct price current of the Fremont market, and other local matters, subscribe for the **Fremont Journal**. Our circulation has now run up to nearly eleven hundred copies, but we are prepared to furnish any additional number of papers that may be wanted. Terms low; only \$1.50 per year, or 75 cents for six months.

The Home Guards.

This Company appeared on parade Saturday last for their first drill. About 100 men were in the ranks. They made quite an imposing appearance, and went through the military exercises with great credit. A large concourse of people were present. The following are the officers of the Company, as far as selected:

Capt.—John Bell.
1st Lieut.—James Justice.
2d Lieut.—Isaac Knapp.
3d Lieut.—B. P. Buckland.
Ensign.—F. I. Norton.
Orderly Sergeant.—Samuel Thompson.
2d Sergeant.—Saxton Rathbun.
3d Sergeant.—Samuel Skinner.
4th Sergeant.—Oliver McIntyre.

The Company meet again for drill on next Saturday at 1 o'clock.

Saturday's Report.

New York, May 4.—Superintendent Kennedy has received a letter, stating that there is a thoroughly organized plan to burn New York, Philadelphia and Boston, by cutting off the supplies of water and then setting fire at various points; also, states that men have been stationed at both Boston and Philadelphia for weeks, and 125 have been sent to New York to carry out their hellish designs—that although at first Jeff Davis disapproved of such a course of proceedings, but since the President's proclamation now favors it. The letter is dated Louisville, and the writer says he is an enemy, but will not fight with camphene and lucifer matches for weapons.

Several well known Secessionists in this city are closely watched, and considerable credence is placed in the statement and precautionary measures have been adopted by the police.

Major Anderson passed through Perryville yesterday and proceeded to Annapolis, enroute for Washington. At both places he was received with marked attention and passed through the line of troops with head uncovered.

Baltimore quiet. Fort Madison and Eastbrook fortifications, commanding the bay and harbor are in possession of Government troops. The steamer Maryland landed some Massachusetts troops from Annapolis and large quantities of stores at Fort McHenry yesterday.

The intelligence from Richmond is important. Considerable alarm is said to exist there in consequence of the activity of the United States Government and the unity of the North.

It was believed in Richmond that Jeff Davis has just notified the Governors of the Border States now acting in hostility to the General Government to assemble at Montgomery, there to confer with the Rebel Government.

The Virginia Legislature adjourned on the 1st until the 12th of June, by which time it was expected that the returns of the popular vote on the ordinance of secession would be received.

Gen. Harney has prepared an address to the people of Missouri urging them to stay in the Union, and that secession will prove the ruin of their State; and for himself he is ready to stand to the last by the flag to which twenty stars are added since he entered the service.

Washington advices last night were to the effect that the war will be vigorously opened in a few days by demonstrations upon Alexandria and Norfolk. A movement on Haver de Grace was also ordered to take place yesterday from Perryville.

Three or four companies will cross the Susquehanna with a battery of Artillery and occupy Haver de Grace. The last movement will not be made for two days.

A strong force of carpenters and builders will be sent forward to Bush river to rebuild bridges there. The bridges over the little and big Gun Powder rivers will be rebuilt as soon as sufficient military force is sent forward to protect the workmen. The bridges will be completed by Monday next, and the road to Baltimore will then be open.

Troops will be sent forward from Philadelphia to reinforce those at Perryville.

It is stated, upon reliable authority, in Washington yesterday, that there are only 1,500 Virginians at Harper's Ferry, and they are not half armed and short of provisions.

1,000,000 percussion caps were seized yesterday which had been shipped for Charleston;

also, a case of revolvers at the express office. The Government yesterday purchased two fast Tugs to be converted into gun boats for service on the Chesapeake.

The World's Washington special says the Alexandria Custom House and Post Office are to be taken possession of soon by the Federal troops. It is contemplated to suspend all Southern mails next week.

A report is current that there has been a collision between two vessels at the mouth of the Potomac; and supplies of Washington by up country roads have been cut off by the Virginians. A corps of telegraph operators is being organized to be attached to the army.

The Times says the Federal forces are moving toward Baltimore, and that Fort McHenry has been re-inforced.

It is surmised that Harper's Ferry will be retaken and Richmond invaded shortly.

The Cumberland Monticello, Yankee and several steam tugs are strictly blockading Hampton Roads and James River.

Letters from Boston indicate that \$500,000 of the new loan will be taken there.

The Navy Department is to charter ten more steamers at New York, five at Philadelphia, and five at Boston.

Philadelphia, May 4.—N. Jersey troops in 14 propellers passed the city to-day.

Boston, May 4.—Orders have been issued for four new regiments of infantry.

Col. Fletcher Webster's regiment will proceed to Fort Warren on Monday, 6th.

Annapolis, May 4.—\$500,000 specie has just arrived under convoy at Perryville.

The steam ship Baltic will sail to-day for Newport with families and professors of the Naval Academy.

A fleet of steamers will also sail under convoy for Washington.

The Alleghany was towed from Ft. McHenry yesterday. She will be heavily armed as a guard ship for Annapolis harbor.

The secretary of Gov. Hicks says the appointment of a board of safety must precipitate that State into civil war. The majority of the board are sworn to secession and are men of desperate political fortunes.

The Governor may soon have to resort to Washington or the Pennsylvania line.

The great seal of the State is in Annapolis and will be thrown into the Chesapeake sooner than than be placed on the ordinance of secession. The absence of the seal is equivalent to a veto.

Cleveland, May 4.—Govs. Curtin, of Pa., Dennison of O., Randall of Wis., Blair of Mich., Morton of Ind., and ex-Gov. Conner of Ill., were here in conference last night. Proceedings not known. They were serenaded and addressed the people.

Saturday Night's Report.

New York, May 4th.—The steamer Columbia with the Albany Burgesses, corps Salem Zouaves, a detachment of 71st Regiment, and two 12 pound Howitzers for the 7th Regiment, sailed this p. m.

The Post's special Washington despatches claim on Government authority that the Secessionists have planned for a fierce conflict with the Federal troops that may attempt passing through Baltimore.

Gen. Patterson has prepared a flying Railroad Battery of Artillery for use on the Annapolis and Washington Railroad.

It is reported that all Secessionists have been warned to leave Washington.

The city of Washington and Barara sailed for Europe this p. m. They took out no specie.

Capt. Engle has been ordered to the command of the frigate Cumberland.

A letter from the interior of South Carolina says, that while the writer was absent at Charleston, a fight with negroes occurred in his town. They burned four dwellings and eight stores in the town, and four more in the vicinity. Eight negroes were hung, and a dozen more would soon be hung.

The Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the Collector not to grant leave of absence to employees volunteering. They must resign or not volunteer.

Jersey City Coast Guard seized two schooners loaded with 3,900 kegs and 1,160 bbls. powder.

Commercial's special despatches say armed vessels are stationed off Alexandria for the protection of fishermen who have been fired into and fish taken from them.

Frigates Niagara and Minnesota are ordered to sail immediately.

It is said the President will demand the re-

stitution of Gosport Navy Yard and Harper's Ferry.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad offered Government the use of their rolling stock.

Maysville, Ky., May 4.—Maysville gives 820 majority for the Union. The Stars and Stripes float from nearly every building in town.

Boston, May 4th.—A special session of the Legislature called for the 14th inst.

The funeral of the soldiers killed at Baltimore took place to-day at Lawrence with imposing ceremonies.

Washington, May 4.—The Maryland legislature in their interview with the President this forenoon admitted both the right and the power of the Government to bring troops through Baltimore or the State, and to take any measures for the public safety, which in the discretion of the President might be demanded, either by actual or reasonably apprehended exigencies. They expressed their belief that no immediate effort at secession, or resistance of Federal authorities, would be attempted by the Legislature or State authorities, and asked that in this view the State should as long as possible be spared the evils of a military occupation, or a mere revengeful chastisement for former transgressions. The President replied that their suggestions and representations should be considered, but that he should now say no more than that the public interest, and not a spirit of revenge, should actuate his measures.

The New York 69th Regiment will forthwith be located in the neighborhood of Georgetown.

The Government has been officially advised that at the latest date no Commissioners from the Confederate States had presented themselves at the French Court. The State Department has instructed the new Minister to Paris, Mr. Dayton, to explicitly make known to the French Government that there is not now, nor has there been, nor will there be any or the least idea existing in this Government of suffering a dissolution of the Union to take place in any way whatever.

W. H. Aspinwall and Cyrus W. Field arrived here to-day.

Fort Kearney, May 4.—The Pony Express from San Francisco 24th ult., arrived to-day. Business is a good deal unsettled by the political news from the East. The settler difficulty in Santa Clara county continues. 170 men said to be in armed resistance to the enforcement of the decree of the Court ejecting settlers from Cheballe Rancho. It is unknown what course the Government may pursue. Indians again troublesome in Northern counties, but rigorous, and so far successful efforts, are being made against them.

Wheeling, Va., May 4.—An immense county Union meeting was held here to-day. Frank Pierpont, of Marion county, G. M. Porter, of Hancock county, late member of Congress, addressed the people in able speeches, urging resistance to the Secession Ordinance, and favoring a division of the State. Resolutions were adopted approving the action of the merchants at their late meeting, denunciatory of Secession, and declaring adhesion to the Union. Thirty-four delegates were appointed to call a Convention of Western counties of Virginia, to be held on the 13th of May.

A large meeting of a similar character was held at Clarksburg Harrison county, yesterday. Rising Sun, Ind., May 4.—The vote at Rabbit Pass, Boone county, Ky., opposite this village, for Crittenden & Guthrie ticket was 114 out of 136 votes cast.

Paris, Ky., May 4.—This precinct give 375 majority for the Union ticket. Bell's majority in November was 365.

Indianapolis, May 4.—The Legislature to-day passed a bill authorizing the Governor to call out immediate service for one year, 6 Regiments of Volunteers for the defence of the State.

An additional appropriation of \$500,000 will be made for purchasing arms and placing the State on a complete war footing. About thirty companies of the State requisition are already here in camp, and balance will be here by Tuesday, making 12 Regiments of Federal and State troops.

Cairo, Ill., May 4.—Gen. Pillow, Gen. Ely and other prominent officers of the Confederate army, and a large number of Mississippians, Arkansians and Tennessee troops, are at Memphis. Heavy guns are arriving there daily.

Col. Prentiss, commanding officer at this point, just received the following despatch from three of the most prominent citizens of Cincinnati: "General Pillow has several steamers ready at Memphis. He meditates an immediate attack on Cairo."

Col. Prentiss replied: "Let him come; he will learn to dig his ditch on the right side. I am ready."

Baltimore, May 4.—The Maryland Senate act providing a Committee of Public Safety considered good as lost. The Union feeling is gaining ground throughout the State. Workmen are actively engaged in repairing the Northern Central Railroad and meet with no opposition. People are rejoiced at the prospect of a speedy reopening of travel. Government seized steamer running between Baltimore and Haver de Grace.

Augusta, Me., May 4.—\$500,000 loan offered the State at par, and at 4 per cent. premium.

Springfield, Mo., May 4.—Hon. Phelps addressed the largest meeting since the Secession excitement. He said that Secession was unconstitutional, and believed in revolution only when evils so great exist that civil war is preferable. He said that Missouri should not take part in a war between the North and the South without consultation with her people. He approved Gov. Jackson's refusal to send troops to aid the Federal Government. He expressed the hope that the Border States will act as mediators to stay the hand of civil war. He believed that the Military law of '36 and '37 should be re-enacted, as that entailed no expense on the State. He regretted Virginia had passed the Ordinance of Secession. He expected the people of Missouri to stand firm against Secession, while he would bow in submission to the finally expressed will of the people. He would vote against Secession.

Mr. Bedford, Secessionist, of Arkansas, then spoke a few minutes, when Judge Orr replied to Bedford briefly, demolishing him completely. Secession is declining in the country.

Louisville, May 4.—The vote of Louisville favor the Union candidates to Border State Convention from 6 to 800. The Secession ticket was some time since withdrawn. The Union vote polled supposed to be larger than any aggregate vote ever polled here.

Hagerstown, Md., May 4.—There is great rejoicing here at the success of the Union ticket at the special election for members of the Legislature, Union candidate majority 4,000 at Cumberland. Great enthusiasm over defeat of Public safety bill.

Sunday Night's Report.

Washington, May 5.—Gen. Scott sent despatches to Gen. Butler, at Annapolis, giving him three days to take possession of Relay House, nine miles from Baltimore. Butler responded that he would have religious services there to-day. This is done to co-operate with Pennsylvania troops advancing upon Baltimore on the other side.

All the bridges destroyed are to be opened by Wednesday next. Workmen are aided by the people.

The Times Baltimore despatch says all but four companies of Militia have been discharged.

A member of the Police Board admits the reception of 2,000 rifles by the Baltimore Secessionists from Harper's Ferry.

Baltimore, May 5.—New York 52d and Mass. 8th regiments arrived this noon at the Relay House, took possession of the telegraph, planted eight howitzers on the viaduct, and invested the place. This gives full command of the road to Washington from the west. Telegraph communication with Harper's Ferry cut off. Rumored this movement looks like retaking that place.

Half the members of the Legislature are in Baltimore; and if communication with Frederick is cut off, they will not get there to-morrow.

New York, May 5.—Herald's special says Ellsworth's Zouaves, with the Rhode Island Artillery are ordered to Alexandria, Annapolis and Baltimore. Twenty-one miles each side track of the B. & O. Railroad, created military depot, commanded by Col. Butler.

A Slight Difference.

The traitor Confederacy proposed to have a loan of \$15,000,000. It was announced with a great flourish as to be taken at par, at a premium, &c. It was all taken several times, in several places. And the truth is, it has not been taken yet and probably never will be taken.

But the President of the United States calls for men and money. No loan is asked for, yet in 10 days time more than \$200,000,000 are proffered without asking. Indeed, all the money of the North is ready at call. A slight difference this!

THE RIGHT TALK.—The Newport (R. I.) News reports the following:

A correspondence, of which the following is the substance, is said to have passed between Gov. Hicks of Maryland and Gov. Sprague of Rhode Island, on Friday or Saturday of last week, by telegraph:

Gov. Hicks to Gov. Sprague: "I understand you are about to proceed to Washington with the Rhode Island Regiment. I advise you not to take them through Baltimore, and thus avoid trouble."

Gov. Sprague to Gov. Hicks: "The Rhode Island Regiment are going to fight, and it matters not whether they fight in Baltimore or Washington."